

MULTI-USE NATIVE SHRUBS TO PLANT

WILD ROSE

- Its beautifully scented flowers attract pollinators such as bees and butterflies.
- The plants sharp thorns provide cover for small birds and protection from predators.



- Rosebuds are a preferred food for some birds such as northern mockingbird, Swainson's thrush and cedar waxwing.
- The fruit hangs on throughout winter, providing an emergency food source for them in winter.
- can also be used to make rosehip jelly.

SERVICE BERRY

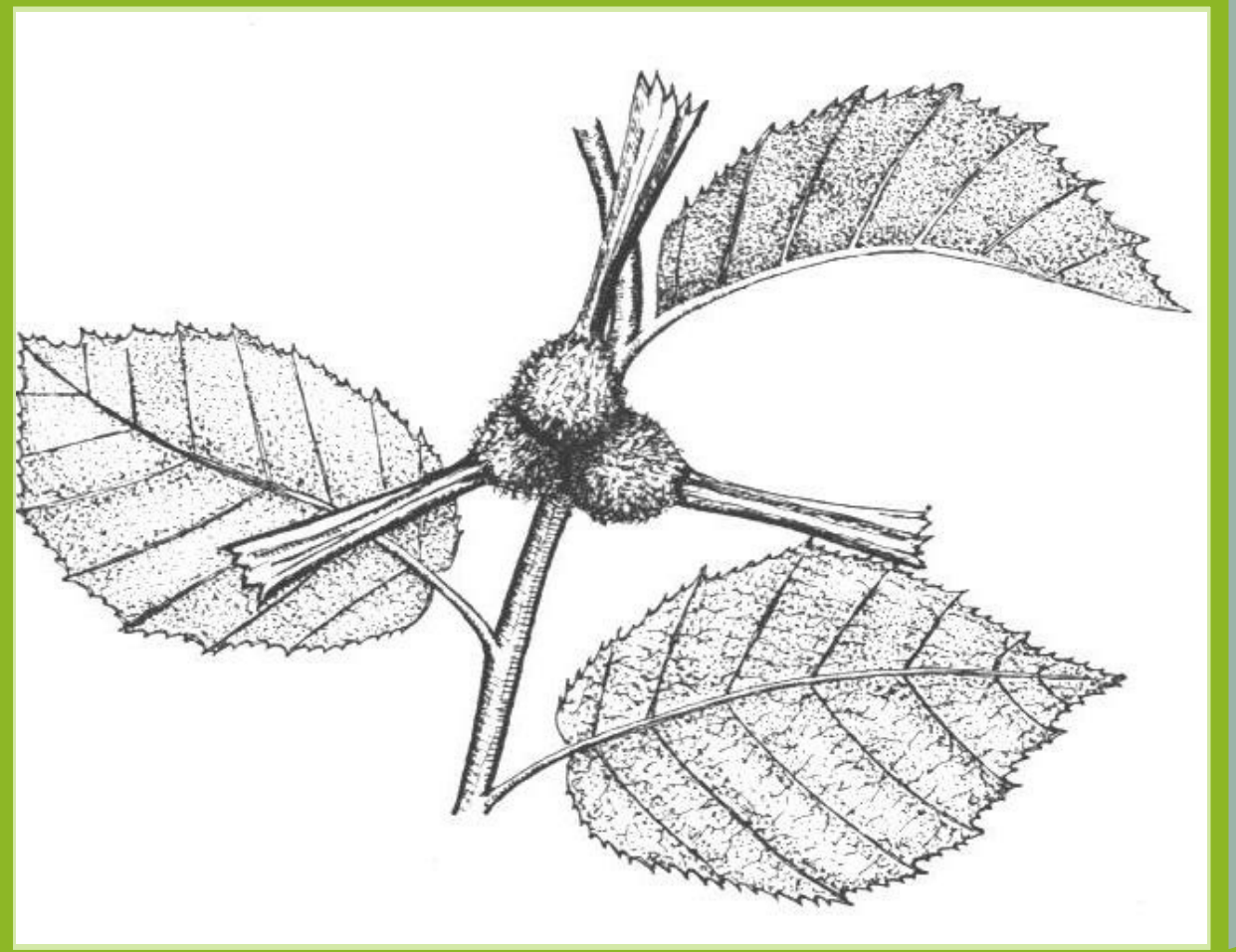
- One of the first shrubs to flower in spring, providing pollen and nectar for bees and other insects.
- Its berries are one of the most important food sources for birds, especially those fattening up for fall migration.



- The tasty berries can be used for pies, winemaking and preserves.
- It has attractive foliage and flowers, making it suitable for planting around the home and in urban areas.

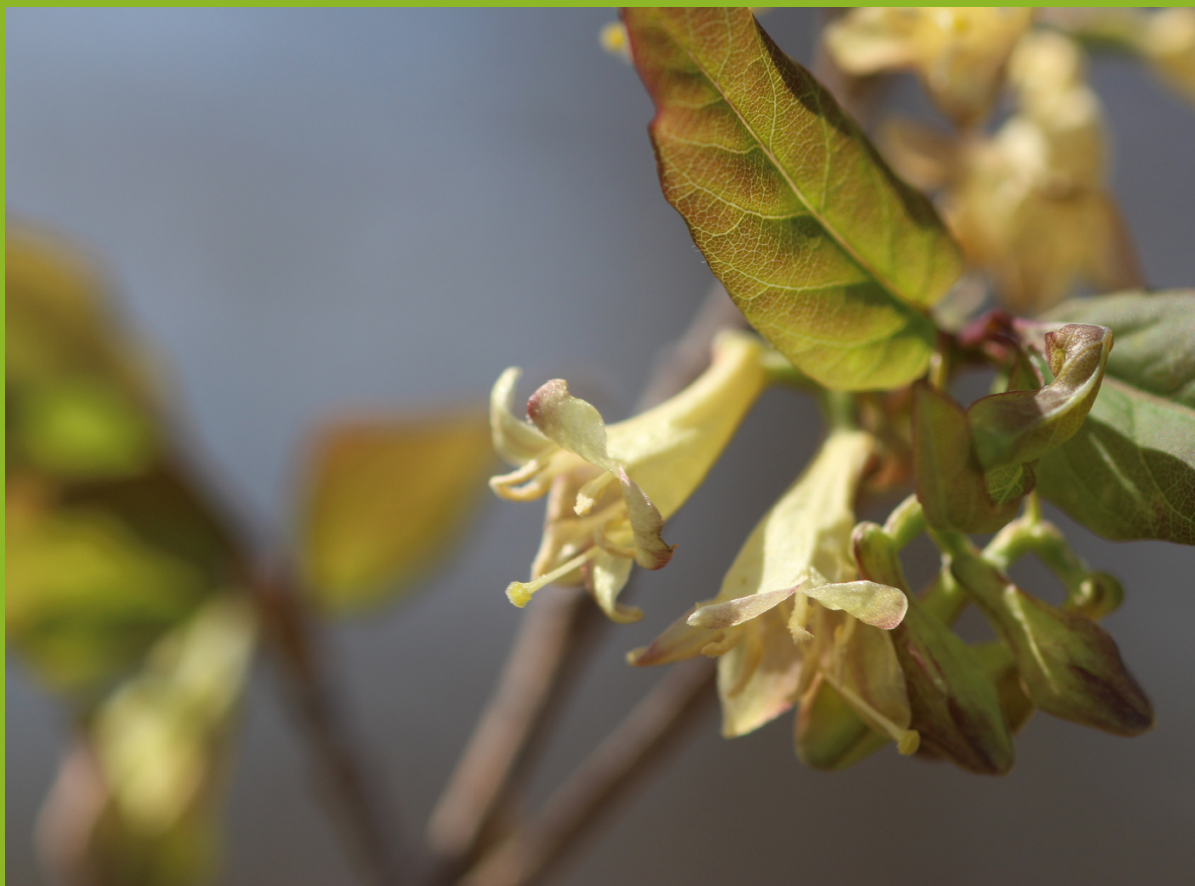
BEAKED HAZELNUT

- Our only nut bearing native shrub.
- Nuts are rich in protein and fat – a favorite of red squirrels and chipmunks.
- A wonderful plant to add to a wooded area lacking diversity.
- Like many shrubs, hazelnut plays an important role in nutrient cycling within a forest.



AMERICAN FLY HONEYSUCKLE

- An important forest shrub for nectar-loving species such as hummingbirds.



WILLOW

- Suitable for a variety of growing conditions, and it produces early spring flowers that are great for pollinators.
- Willow thickets provide cover and protection to various birds, and is a common nesting habitat for American goldfinch.



- Willow leaves are high in vitamin C and zinc.
- Many animals include willow in their diet, including beaver, muskrat, snowshoe hare and red squirrel.